

Blackmac Emulsion Sealer

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product IdentifierBlackmac Emulsion Sealer **Recommended Use**Asphalt Pavement Sealing.

Restrictions on Use None known.

Manufacturer McAsphalt Industries Ltd, 8800 Sheppard Ave East, Toronto, Ontario, M1B 5R4,

416-281-8181

Emergency Phone No. CANUTEC, (613) 996 - 6666, 24 hours

SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015).

Classification

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) - Category 4; Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Label Elements





Warning

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Avoid breathing gas, fume.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Other Hazards

Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HHNOC).

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	%	Other Identifiers	Other Names	
Water	7732-18-5	60			
Asphalt (Bitumen)	8052-42-4	30-70			
Inorganic Mineral Fillers		1-10			
Emulsifier	61790-12-3, 8050-09-7	1-5			

Notes

The composition and percentages listed will vary based on the product type.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First-aid Measures

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Inhalation

Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waist band. Get medical attention immediately. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact

For hot asphalt splash, cool affected body part with water immersion or shower. Do not attempt to remove asphalt from the skin. Once the bitumen has cooled, it will do no further harm and in fact provide a sterile covering over a burnt area. As healing takes place, the bitumen plaque, the bitumen plaque will detach itself, usually after a few days. For skin soiling without underlying burn, cleanse with mineral oil followed by soap and water. Use olive oil in vicinity of eyes.

Eye Contact

Immediately rinse the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes, while holding the eyelid(s) open.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconcious person. Get medical attention immediately.

First-aid Comments

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice or attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed

Inhalation of this product may cause respiratory tract irritation and Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include' weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe over exposure; coma and death. At higher concentrations (above 10 ppm), hydrogen sulphide is extremely toxic by inhalation, may cause respiratory-tract irritation and respiratory failure, coma and death. Pulmonary edema can occur up to 24 hours after hydrogen sulphide exposure. While hydrogen sulphide emits a strong odour of rotten eggs, detection by smell is not sufficient as a warning property for exposure to this substance, as it may deaden the sense of smell quickly.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Special Instructions

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Small Fires: Any extinguisher suitable for Class B fires, dry chemical, CO2, water spray, fire fighting foam and other gaseous agents.

Large Fires: Water spray, fog or fire fighting foam. Water may be ineffective for fighting fire, but may be used to cool fire-exposed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not spray water onto tank, vessel containing liquid asphalt as water reacts violently with product at elevated temperatures; risk of steam explosion.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Product

Flammability of the product: Will burn on prolonged exposure to flame or high temperature.

Hydrogen sulphide may be released if the product is overheated and may accumulate in the tank headspace or any other confined space.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece.

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures

Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventillation. Wear apporpriate respirator when ventillation is inadequate. Put on apporpriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental Precautions

Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information.

Other Information

Report spills to local health, safety and environmental authorities, as required.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid breathing in this product. Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Do not get in eyes. Avoid generating vapours or mists. Wear personal protective equipment to avoid direct contact with this chemical. Do NOT eat, drink or store food in work areas.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

	ACGIH 7	ACGIH TLV®		OSHA PEL		AIHA WEEL	
Chemical Name	TWA	STEL	TWA	Ceiling	8-hr TWA	TWA	
Asphalt (Bitumen)	0.5 mg/m3 (I) A4 BEI		Not established				

Appropriate Engineering Controls

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual Protection Measures

Eve/Face Protection

If a risk assessment indicates that it is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts, then safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used.

Skin Protection

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determnine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid spashes, mists or dusts.

Respiratory Protection

If a risk assessment indicates that it is necessary (i.e. H2S concentration is above 10ppm exposure limit), use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapour filter cartridge or canister with a dust, fume or mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited.

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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Brown liquid.

Odour Asphalt, heavy petroleum residue

Odour Threshold Not available

pH 7 - 10

Melting Point/Freezing Point Not available (melting); Not available (freezing)

Initial Boiling Point/Range 100 °C
Flash Point Not available

Evaporation Rate < 1

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available

Upper/Lower Flammability or

Explosive Limit

Not available (upper); Not available (lower)

Vapour Pressure< 1 kPa</th>Vapour Density (air = 1)Not availableRelative Density (water = 1)1.0 - 1.2

Solubility Soluble in water Partition Coefficient, Not available

n-Octanol/Water (Log Kow)

Auto-ignition TemperatureNot availableDecomposition TemperatureNot available

Other Information

Physical State Liquid

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions of use.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	LC50	LD50 (oral)	LD50 (dermal)
Asphalt (Bitumen)	> 94.4 mg/m3 (rat)	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)
Emulsifier		2500 mg/kg (rat)	
Water		> 89840 mg/kg (rat)	

>5000 mg/kg (rat)

>2000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

May cause mild irritation to skin. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Asphalt fumes can increase susceptibility to sunburn.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

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May cause mild irritation to eyes. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision. Hot liquid product may cause serious thermal burns on direct contact. Hydrogen sulphide may cause eye irritation at 1 - 20 ppm and acute conjunctivitis at higher concentrations. Above 50 ppm H2S, eye irritation may include symptoms of redness, sever swelling, tearing, sensitivity to light and the appearence of 'Halos' around lights.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Single Exposure

Inhalation

At higher concentrations of H2S (above 10 ppm), hydrogen sulphide is extremely toxic by inhalation, may cause respiratory-tract irritation, nose and throat irritation, depression of the central nervous system, respiratory failure, unconsciousness and/or death. Pulmonary edema can occur up to 24 hours after hydrogen sulphide exposure. While hydrogen sulphide emits a strong odour of rotten eggs, detection by smell is not sufficient as a warning property for exposure to this substance, as it may deaden the sense of smell quickly.

Ingestion

May cause severe irritation or burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

Aspiration Hazard

Not known to be an aspiration hazard.

STOT (Specific Target Organ Toxicity) - Repeated Exposure

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. This product contains small quantities of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons. Prolonged contact with these compounds has been associated with the induction of skin and lung turmours, anemia, disorders of the liver, bone marrow and lymphoid tissues. Long term inhalation of Benzene or Xylene vapours can result in bone marrow abnormalities with damage to blood forming tissues and may cause anemia and other blood cell abnormalities. Immunodepressive effects have also been reported. Hydrogen sulphide may reduce lung function; cause neurological effects such as headaches, nausea, depression and personality changes; eye amd mucos membrane irritation: damage to cardiovascular system.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	IARC	ACGIH®	NTP	OSHA
Asphalt (Bitumen)	Group 2B	A4		
Emulsifier	Not Listed		Not Listed	Not Listed

IARC: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that occupational exposures to oxide asphalt and their emissions during roofing operations are "probably carcinogenic to humans" (Group A). IARC concluded that occupational exposures to hard asphalt and their emissions during mastic asphalt work are "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B). IARC concluded that occupational exposure to straight-run asphalt and their emissions during paving operations are "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B).

Reproductive Toxicity

Development of Offspring

No information was located.

Sexual Function and Fertility

No information was located.

Effects on or via Lactation

Not known to cause effects on or via lactation.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Keep out of sewers, drainage areas and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable under Federal and Provincial regulations.

Persistence and Degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative Potential

(Asphalt (Bitumen)) this product and its degradation products are not known to bioaccumulate.

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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized where ever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residue should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plan. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and sections *: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated under Canadian TDG regulations. Not regulated under US DOT Regulations.

Special Precautions Not applicable

Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

All ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating Health - 1 Flammability - 0 Instability - 0

SDS Prepared By EPC & Risk Management Department

 Phone No.
 1 (416) - 281 - 8181

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Revision Indicators The following SDS content was changed on March 08, 2019:

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION; LC50/LD50 values.

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